EXERCISES OF WEEK TEN

Exercise 1. Given the function

$$g: \mathbb{R} \to (-\pi/2, \pi/2), \quad g(s) = \arctan(s)$$

show that

$$g(1/s) = \frac{\pi}{2} - g(s)$$

for every s > 0 and

$$g(1/s) = -\frac{\pi}{2} - g(s)$$

for every s < 0.

Exercise 2. Find the potential of the vector field

$$\mathbf{X} = \frac{1}{2\pi} \left(-\frac{y}{x^2 + y^2}, \frac{x}{x^2 + y^2} \right)$$

on the following regions:



 $\begin{aligned} \mathbf{\Omega}_1 &:= \{(x,y) \mid 2 < x < 3, 2 < y < 3\} \\ \mathbf{\Omega}_2 &:= \{(x,y) \mid -1 < x < 1, -3 < y < -2\} \\ \mathbf{\Omega}_3 &:= \{(x,y) \mid -2 < x < 1, 1 < y < 2\} \cup \{(x,y) \mid -2 < x < 2, -3 < y < -2\} \end{aligned}$

Exercise 3. An ellipse of axes *a* and *b* can be parametrized with the curve

 $\alpha \colon [0,1] \to \mathbb{R}^2, \quad \alpha(t) = (a \cos 2\pi t, b \sin 2\pi t)$

Using the Green's theorem, find the area of the ellipse.

Date: 2013, November 7.